## SUGGESTED PLANNING of TEACHING and ASSESSMENT

# Grade 11 Mathematics 2022

GGGEJIL											
FERM 1 47 days	Week 1(3)	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10 (4)	
completed	W 1,4 %	W: 4,8 %	W: 8,2 %	W: 11,6 %	W: 15,0%	W:19,2%	W: 23,3%	W:27,5%	W:29,2%	N: 30,5 %	
APS Topic		AND SURDS 10, 13 & 30	EQI	UATIONS AND INEQUALITIES CAPS pg. 10, 13 & 30			EUCLIDEAN GEOMETRY CAPS pg. 10, 14 & 34	·	EQUATIONS)	TRIGONOMETRY (REDUCTION FORMULAE, EQUATIONS ) CAPS pg. 10, 15, 33 & 37	
Fopic, concepts, skills and values	1. Simplify expressions and solve equations using laws for rational exponents $x^{\frac{p}{q}} = \sqrt[q]{x^{p}};$ x > 0; q > 0	<ol> <li>Add, subtract, multiply and divide simple surds.</li> <li>Solve simple equations involving surds.</li> </ol>	Complete the square Solve Quadratic equations by factorization Solving Quadratic equations using the formulae	Solve Quadratic inequalities in one unknown (Interpret solutions graphically.) Equations in two unknowns, one of which is linear and the other quadratic. NB: It is recommended that the solving of equations in two unknowns is important to be used in other equations like hyperbola-straight line as this is normal in the case of graphs	Equations in two unknowns, one of which is linear and the other quadratic Nature of roots			EQUATIONS )CAPS pg. 10, 15, 33 & 31. Derive and use the identities: $\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$ $\theta \neq k. 90^\circ, k$ an odd integer; and $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$ .2. Derive and use reduction formulae to simplify the following expressions: 2.1. $\sin (90^\circ \pm \theta)$ ; $\cos (90^\circ \pm \theta)$ ; 2.2. $\sin (180^\circ \pm \theta)$ ; $\cos (180^\circ \pm \theta)$ and $\tan (180^\circ \pm \theta)$ ; $\cos (360^\circ \pm \theta)$ and $\tan (360^\circ \pm \theta)$ ; 2.4. $\sin (-\theta)$ ; $\cos (-\theta)$ and $\tan (-\theta)$ ;3. Determine for which values of a variable an identity holds.			
Date Completed											
Requisite pre- knowledge	Exponential laws, BODMAS Writing a number in exponential form, Factorization	Product of binomials Factorization Solving quadratic equations	Products of binomials Factorization quadratic	Products Factorization Substitution BODMAS	Solving linear and quadratic equations. Substitution Number systems	Grade 8 – 10 geometry	Grade 8 – 10 geometry	Grade 8 – 10 geometry	Adjacent, opposite and hypo Trig ratios, ASTC rule, Co- Solving a trig. equation in in Understand the solution gra	functions. nterval [0 <sup>0</sup> ; 360 <sup>0</sup> ].	
Siyavula											
Resources to enhance learning	https://schools.sun.ac.za/; ht https://www.geogebra.org/?lan	tps://www.mathpapa.com/algebra g=en ; https://www.padowan.dk/	a-calculator.html; https://www.tutonic /download/; https://www.desmos.com	.org ; https://vodacom.mytopdog m/ ; https://nrich.maths.org/ ;	<u>c.co.za/users/login</u> ; <u>https://</u> National Exemplars; Nation	www.khanacademy.org/; https: nal Examination Papers (http://bi	://papervideo.co.za/;_HeyMat it.ly/GR11-MATHS-PAPERS);	h App from Playstore ; Casi http://wcedeportal.co.za/; h	o Calculator App from Playsto ttps://www.siyavula.com/;	ore;	
			ass test; Class Discussions; Presentation								
Informal assessment	8										

assessment												
SBA (Formal Ass)		Investigation:				Control Test						
TERM 2 (53) % completed	.,	Week 2 (4) W: 33,2 %	Week 3 (4) W: 36,5%	Week 4 (4) W:39,9 %	Week 5 (4) W: 43,2%	Week 6 W: 47,4%	Week 7 W: 51,6%	Week 8 W:55,4 %	Week 9 W: 59,1%	Week 10 W:62,9%	Week 11 (3) W:65.2%	Week 12 W:68,9%
CAPS Topic	TRIG – EQUATIONS CAPS pg. 10, 15, 33 & 37		ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY	CAPS	5 pg. 10, 15 & 31	NUMBER PATTERNS CAPS pg. 10, 12 & 30		FUNCTIONS: CAPS pg. 10, 12 & 32				
Topic, concepts, skills and values	Derive and use reduction form following expressions: 2.1. sin $(90^\circ \pm \theta)$ ; cos $(90^\circ$ 2.2. sin $(180^\circ \pm \theta)$ ; cos $(180^\circ \pm \theta)$ ; cos $(360^\circ \pm \theta)$ ; cos $(360^\circ \pm \theta)$ ; cos $(-\theta)$ and 3. Determine for which values holds. Determine the general solution equations. Also, determine solutions in a Consolidation of content on Type questions. Learners n understanding and time mana	$(\pm \theta)$ ; $(0^{\circ} \pm \theta)$ and $\tan (180^{\circ} \pm \theta)$ ; $(0^{\circ} \pm \theta)$ and $\tan (360^{\circ} \pm \theta)$ ; $\tan (-\theta)$ ; $\cos of a variable an identity ons of trigonometric specific intervals Trigonometry. Examination must focus on reading with$	Revise 1.distance between the two points; 2. gradient of the line segment connecting the two points (and from that identify parallel and perpendicular lines); and 3.Coordinates of the mid- point of the line segment joining the two points. <b>Derive and apply:</b> 1. the equation of a line through two given points;	<b>Derive and apply:</b> 2. the equation of a line through one point and parallel or perpendicular to a given line; and 3. The inclination $(\theta)$ of a line, where $m = tan\theta$ is the gradient of the line $(0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 180^{\circ})$	Consolidation of content on Analytical Geometry. Examination Type questions. Learners must focus on reading with understanding and time management.	Revise: Linear Patterns Quadratic Patterns General term	Quadratic Patterns General term Consolidation of content on Patterns. Examination Type questions. Learners must focus on reading with understanding and time management.	Revise the effect of parameters a and $q$ : The effect of parameters $p$ : $f(x) = a(x + p)^2 + q$ Rewrite parabola into, standard form, <i>x</i> -intercept form. Sketch parabola, find equation of parabola. Domain & Range. Analyse & interpret parabola	Revise the effect of parameters $a$ and $q$ : The effect of parameters $p$ $f(x) = \frac{a}{x+p} + q$ & $f(x) = a \cdot b^{x+p} + q$ Sketch the functions, find equation of functions. Domain & Range. Analyse & interpret the functions	Examination questions integrating the functions below: $f(x) = a(x+p)^2 + q$ $f(x) = \frac{a}{x+p} + q$ $f(x) = a \cdot b^{x+p} + q$	<b>FUNCTIONS:</b> The eff a; p and $k$ on $y = a \sin y = a \cos y = a \tan x$ The focus of trigonomorelationships, simplific points of intersection b although characteristics not be excluded.	k(x + p) k(x + p) k(x + p) etric graphs is on the ation and determining y solving equations,
Date Completed	<u> </u>											
Requisite pre- knowledge	Adjacent, opposite and hypot ratios, ASTC rule, Co-functio Solving a trig. equation in int the solution graphically	ons.	Gradient formula, standard form of a line. Gradients of // lines AND ⊥ lines. Properties of quadrilaterals.	Solving a trigonometric equation.		Determine terms and the n'th term of a pattern with a common difference.	Solving two linear equations simultaneously.	Functional Notation. Shape of parabola. Impact of "a and q". What is an Axis of symmetry.	Functional Notation Shape of the given functions. Impact of "a and q". What is an Asymptote.	Impact of different parameters. Domain & Range. How to sketch any of the graphs.	Functional Notation Shape of Sine, Cos & t Impact of 'a' and 'q' Asymptote for tan grap	
Siyavula												
Resources to enhance learning	https://www.padowan.dk/dov	wnload/; <u>https://www.desmo</u>	<pre>//www.tutonic.org ; https://voda s.com/ ; https://nrich.maths.org est; Class Discussions; Presentation of</pre>	/ ; National Exemplars ; 1	National Examination Pap	ers (http://bit.ly/GR11-MATH					ogebra.org/?lang=en ;	
Informal assessment	Google form; Cumulative Assign	minent; Class Activity; Short class t	est; Class Discussions; Presentation of	or solutions; v odacom revision	exercises; Knan Academy Re	VISIOII						
SBA (Formal Ass)			Assignment								Contro	ol Test

l: Is, e. pret	Examination questions integrating the functions below: $f(x) = a(x+p)^2 + q$ $f(x) = \frac{a}{x+p} + q$ $f(x) = a \cdot b^{x+p} + q$	FUNCTIONS: The effect of parameters a; p  and  k on $y = a \sin k(x + p)$ $y = a \cos k(x + p)$ $y = a \tan k(x + p)$ The focus of trigonometric graphs is on the relationships, simplification and determining points of intersection by solving equations, although characteristics of the graphs should not be excluded.
n f "a ote.	Impact of different parameters. Domain & Range. How to sketch any of the graphs.	Functional Notation Shape of Sine, Cos & tan. Impact of 'a' and 'q' Asymptote for tan graph.
-	/store; <u>https://www.geo</u> schools.sun.ac.za/	gebra.org/?lang=en ;

## Grade 11 Mathematics 2022

## SUGGESTED PLANNING of TEACHING and ASSESSMENT

DOGGESTE	D PLANNING O		IU ASSESSIVIEIN	I		1		Giau			1
TERM 3 52 days	Week 1 (4)	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4 (3)	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	11: Week 11
% completed	W: 70,9%	W: 73,5%	W: 76,0%	W: 77,5%	W: 79,6%	W: 81,7%	W:83,9 %	W:86,2%	W: 88,4%	W: 90,8%	W:93,2%
CAPS Topic	TRIGONOMETRY	C	APS pg. 10, 15, 33 & 37	•		•	STATISTICS	CAPS pg. 10,	15 & 39	PROBABILITY	CAPS pg. 10, 14 & 38
Topic, concepts, skills and values	TRIGONOMETRY (Area & Sine rules)       TRIGONOMETRY (sine & cosine )         Prove and apply rules       Prove and apply rules         TRIGONOMETRY Solve problems in two dimensions applying sine, cosine & area rules		<ul> <li>MEASUREMENT</li> <li>Revise the volume and surface areas of right-prisms and cylinders.</li> <li>Study the effect on volume and surface areas when multiplying any dimension by a constant factor k.</li> <li>Calculate volume and surface areas of spheres, right prisms, right cones and combination of those objects (figures).</li> </ul>		<ol> <li>Revise measures of central tendency in ungrouped data.</li> <li>Measures of central tendency in grouped data: calculation of mean estimate of grouped and ungrouped data and identification of modal interval and interval in which the median lies.</li> <li>Revision of range as a measure of dispersion and extension to include percentiles, quartiles, inter-quartile and semi-inter-quartile range.</li> <li>Five number summary (maximum, minimum and quartiles) and box and whisker diagram.</li> <li>Use the statistical summaries (measures of central tendency and dispersion), and graphs to analyse and make meaningful comments on the context associated with the given data.</li> <li>Histograms</li> <li>Frequency polygons</li> <li>Ogives (cumulative frequency curves)</li> <li>Variance and standard deviation of ungrouped data</li> <li>Symmetric and skewed data</li> <li>Identification of outliers.</li> </ol>			<ol> <li>The use of probability models to compare the relative frequency of events with the theoretical probability.</li> <li>The use of Venn diagrams to solve probability problems, deriving and applying the following for any two events in a sample space S: P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A and B);</li> <li>A and B are Mutually exclusive if, P(A and B) = 0; A and B are complementary if they are mutually exclusive; and P(A) + P(B) = 1; then P(B) = P(not(A)) = 1 - P(A)</li> <li>Revise the addition rule for mutually exclusive events: P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B)</li> <li>The complementary rule: P(not A) = 1 - P(A) and the identity P(A or B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A and B)</li> <li>Identify dependents and independents events and the product rule for independent events: P(A and B) = P(A) × P(B)</li> <li>The use of Venn diagrams to solve probability problems, deriving and applying formulae for any three events A, B and C in a sample space S.</li> </ol>			
Date Completed											
Requisite pre- knowledge	Simplifying an algebraic fraction. Using a scientific calculator to determine unknown side/ angle. Pythagoras		a algebraic fraction. Using a sc angle. Area of right angled Δ.	eientific calculator to				Five Number summary.	What is probability. Probability Notation	What is probability. Probability Notation	
Siyavula											
Resources to enhance learning	https://www.mathpapa.com/algebra-c Examination Papers (http://bit.ly/GR1	alculator.html; https://www.tutonic.org ; 11-MATHS-PAPERS ); http://wcedepor	<u>https://vodacom.mytopdog.co.za/users</u> tal.co.za/; <u>https://www.siyavula.com/</u>	/login ; https://www.khanacademy.or ; https://schools.sun.ac.za/	rg/; https://papervideo.co.za/ ; Hey	Math App from Playstore ; Casio Calcu	lator App from Playstore; <u>https://www</u>	.geogebra.org/?lang=en ; https://www.	padowan.dk/download/; https	://www.desmos.com/ ; https://nrich	.maths.org/ ; National Exemplars ; National
Informal assessment	Google form; Cumulative Assig	nment; Class Activity; Short class	test; Class Discussions; Presentation	on of solutions; Vodacom revisio	on exercises; Khan Academy Rev	vision					
SBA (Formal Ass)			Control	Test:					Control Test:		
<b>TERM 4</b> 47 days % completed	Week 1 (4) <b>W:95,1%</b>	Week 2. <b>W:96,7%</b>	Week 3. <b>W:98.3%</b>	Week 4 W: 100%	Week 5						

% completed	W:95,1%	W:96,7%	W:98,3%	W: 100%				
CAPS Topic	PROBABILITY	FINANCE, GROWTH AND	DECAY	CAPS pg. 10, 12 & 37	Revision			
Topic, concepts, skills and values	Use tree diagrams for the probability of consecutive or simultaneous events which are not necessarily independent	FINANCE, GROWTH and DECAY Simple and compound growth and decay	The effect of different periods on compound growth and decay	The effect of different periods on compound growth and decay Nominal and effective rate	Examination Techniques Mixed Revision Paper 1 & 2	Paper 1: 3 hours Algebraic expressions and equations (and inequalities) Number patterns	45	Eu me Ar
Date Completed						Functions and graphs	45	Tr
Requisite pre- knowledge	What is probability. Probability Notation	Simple and compound growth	Simple and compound growth	Simple and compound growth		Finance, growth and decay Probability	15 20	Sta
Siyavula						TOTAL MARK	150	T
Resources to enhance learning							•	-
Informal assessment	Google form; Cumulative Assignn Khan Academy Revision	nent; Class Activity; Short class test; C	lass Discussions; Presentation of solu	utions; Vodacom revision exercises;		-		
SBA (Formal Assessment)			Control Test					
SBA Weighting	TOTAL NUMBER OF S Term 1 Investigation / I Term 2 Assignment (15 Term 3 Test (14%) and Term 4 Test (14%)	Project (15%) and Test (14%) %) and Test (14%)	))					

Paper 2: 3 hours	
Euclidean Geometry and	50
neasurement	
analytical Geometry	30
rigonometry	50
tatistics	20
OTAL MARK	150